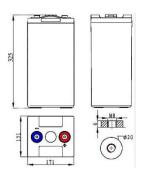
JGFM300-2 2V300Ah

Jiangsu Oliter Energy Technology Co., Ltd was founded in 1998, covered 120.000M², annual throughput reaches 750000KVAH. Oliter has been focusing on the R&D, Production, Marketing and Application of VRLA GEL battery and Lithium battery. By the support of South China Normal University, Xi' An JiaoTong University and Other scientific research institutes, Oliter has built up the post-doctoral workstations. Till now, Oliter has achieved 7 series, more than 100 models of batteries. Depending on scientific structure, strict material selection and advanced manufacture process, Oliter GEL batteries are characteristic of long service life, excellent charge acceptance, low self-discharge, good deep discharge tolerance, strong recovery capability, high safety and environment – friendliness and RoHS commpliance.





Battery Construction, Material and Features

Positive grids: Lead Oxide Negative grids: Lead	Grid adopts Pb Ca Sn Al alloy with 4.7mm thickness. 99,994% Pure Lead batteries of good corrosion resistance and long cycle life			
Plates: Grid pasted with Lead powder and active material	Using humidity curing temperature is 75°C and special additives from Japan, rich utilization rate of active material, make battery has strong charging ability and long cycle life			
Separator: Styrofoam	With ultra-fine styrofoam separator, the batteries have high oxygen recombination capability up to 99,999%, low internal resistance, high rate discharge performance			
Container: ABS	Using high strength ABS material, the batteries are characterized with anti-corrosion, anti-impact, high strength, good-looking appearance, free of potential leakage and deformation risk			
Terminals: Copper	Copper core with large diameter and high conductivity, it is of good corrosion resistance and strong current carrying capacity			
Electrolyte: Sulfuric Acid and Silicon GEL	High density nanoscale fumed silicon GEL electrolyte improved battery cycle life			
Terminal Seal: Epoxy	Structure and high-temperature curing epoxy adhesive to ensure batteries safety and reliability			
Safety Valve: ABS and Rubber	Using labyrinth structure, double filter acid explosion-proof valve structure, accurately control the open/close valve pressure and acid mist filtering function.			

JGFM300-2 2V300Ah

SPECIFICATIONS

Battery Type	VRLA GEL Battery			
Nominal Voltage	2V			
Nominal Capacity	300Ah (10hr, to 1.8V, 25 ⁰ C)			
Cell number	1			
Dimension (L*W*H)	171 (mm) ×151 (mm) ×333 (mm)			
Designed Life (Float charge, 25 ⁰ C)	20 Years			
The reference weight	18.5 Kg			
Operation Ambient Temperature and Humidity	-45 °C~60 °C, 5%~95%			
Optimal Ambient Temperature and Humidity	15 °C~25 °C, 5%~95%			
Self-discharge Capacity	Self-discharge rate <2% per month (25 ⁰ C)			
Terminal	Copper Ф20(mm), 2xM8 Female			
Short circuit current	1800A			
Max. discharge current (5s)	900A			
Internal Resistance	$\leq 0.65 \text{m}\Omega \text{ (}25^{0}\text{C)}$			
	> 4280 times at 30% DoD			
Cycle life expected at 25°C	> 2500 times at 50% DoD			
	> 1770 times at 80% DoD			
	> 1260 times at 100% DoD			
	GB/T19638-2014, YD/T1360-2005, ISO9001:2015,			
	IEC60896-2:2004, CE2004/108/EC, DIN43534,			
Product standards	IEC61427, RoHS, Eurobat Guide, ISO14001:2004,			
1 roduct standards	BS6290 part 4, UL94-1985, OHSA18001:2007, EMC			
	EN61000-3-2:2006+A2:2009, EN61000-3-3:2013,			
	DIN40742, JISC8704-2-2, ISO45001:2018, UL94-V0			
	Communications, Communication station, Power			
	station, Power transmission and transformation			
Applications range	system, Computer system protection, Emergency			
	power supply, UPS, Wireless stations and Standby			
	power automatic control, Solar, etc			
	The batteries are installed on a safe powder-coated			
	steel frame, the battery can be installed vertically or			
	horizontally depending on the ground. Includes a full			
Installations	range of installation accessories and electrical safety			
	protection. The installation layout is designed			
	according to the needs of the existing premises of			
	the customer.			

Constant Discharge Ratings-Amperes/Cell at 25^oC

F.V/Time	5min	10min	15min	20min	30min	1h	2h	3h	5h	10h
1.6V/cell	636.3	490.9	406.0	277.2	212.1	175.7	104.1	76.6	52.0	30.8
1.65V/cell	578.7	450.0	375.7	262.1	202.7	172.7	103.6	76.2	51.7	30.6
1.70V/cell	528.7	413.6	348.5	246.9	194.0	168.2	103.1	75.8	51.5	30.5
1.75V/cell	462.1	380.3	327.2	239.4	191.2	166.7	102.6	75.4	51.2	30.3
1.80V/cell	406.0	351.5	309.1	230.3	183.4	159.1	102.0	75.1	50.0	30.0

Constant Power Discharge Ratings-Watts/Cell at 25^oC

F.V/Time	5min	10min	15min	20min	30min	1h	2h	3h	5h	10h
1.60V/cell	924.6	794.2	670.3	466.2	368.9	307.5	197.2	146.7	99.4	59.7
1.65V/cell	849.1	721.8	613.1	433.0	348.0	296.9	191.2	142.8	97.6	58.6
1.70V/cell	749.5	661.5	570.8	404.4	330.8	287.9	185.2	139.8	96.2	58.2
1.75V/cell	672.5	611.7	531.6	378.8	312.2	274.4	180.7	136.9	94.6	57.4
1.80V/cell	618.1	560.3	487.8	354.7	287.1	262.3	176.1	134.2	92.9	56.8

Discharge Current and Recommend Discharge Final Voltage Setting

Discharge Current	0.1C	0.17C	0.25C	0.55C	3C
Final Voltage (V)	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.75	1.6

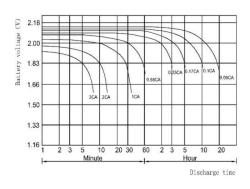
Charge method

Туре	Voltage (V)	Compensation Coefficient	Charge Current (A)
Boost Charge	2.35 ~ 2.45	-4mV/°C	0.1C ~ 0.25C
Float Charge	2.20 ~ 2.30	-3mV/°C	(30A~75A)

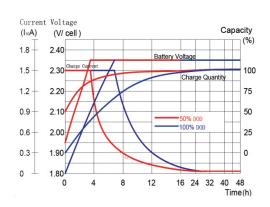


Characteristic curves

1. Discharging Curve

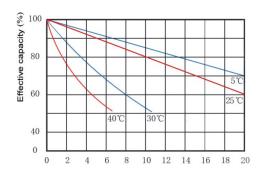


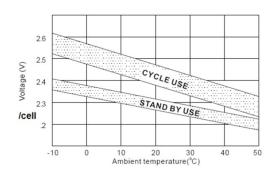
2. Charging Curve



3. Self-discharge Characteristics

4. Relationship of Charging Voltage and Temperature





5. Relationship of Capacity and Temperature 6. Effect of Temperature on Long Term Float Life

